

Source: Unsplash, Victor\_g

### Who are we?

Dr Angela Ziebell (Deakin University)
Krystal De Napoli (Monash University)
Dr Lisa Godinho (Melbourne University)
Andrew Giles (Monash University)



### What are we?

Support staff teaching into mainstream science/maths units

Provides a safe place to have very honest discussions

Where do I start?

What can I offer?

How can I improve?

What don't I see?





[Photo by Curioso photography on Unsplash]

https://www.acds.edu.au/teac hing-learning/indigenousscience/

### Ecosystems

The First Australians had millennia to study the way that land, plants and animals interacted and were interlinked. Their ability to observe and collect information about these natural systems allowed 60,000+ years of continuous culture. This makes Australia's first people the earliest observational scientists who's society is still with us. This encyclopedia-like knowledge and an understanding that nature was different across place and time, and was vital to successfully inhabit every part of Australia. The perspectives that developed over those millennia are still here for us to learn from. We have chosen the large overarching topic of Ecosystems to match the complexity the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders see the world. Plants do not exist without the birds that feed on their fruit, the miches that teep their roots healthy, and the nutrient in the soil in which they grow. Our Systems are complex and Indigenous knowldeges and perspectives embrace that complexity at their core. Did not use traditional Science subjects

Explore our resources

MentimeterSc

(TI

CE

Inc

for content organisation

### Content

A large number of videos to hear direct from Aboriginal and Torres Straight Islander experts

Links to other important sites e.g., Aboriginal Astronomy

Next step is to build more on L&T examples and case studies

nks gives a comprehensive overview of the pretations of the observable planets in

agenous astronomy for Indigenous communities across the continent. The significance of the

always been a point of mystery for astronomers worldwide. On the surface, they appear to r, after a period of observation, it becomes evident that these 'stars' do not behave like There are some key characteristics of planets that differentiate them from typical stars. They ntly, they move irregularly when compared to other stars, and they also have a peculiar retrograde motion – phenomenon where they appear to be heading backwards.

nets that tend to be observable by and all 5 appear frequently in al traditions – Mercury, Venus, Mars, Saturn.



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## An emerging Community of Practice

- Launched 22<sup>nd</sup> April 2021
- Fluid membership (50+ attendees/meeting)
  - >90% non-Indigenous, but Indigenous participants and/or guests always present.
- Most already incorporating Indigenous Knowledges or will do in next 12 mths
- 66% want to learn how to teaching Indigenous knowledges/perspectives in STEM
- 20% have experience that they want to share with a CoP





#### Indigenous Science Webinars

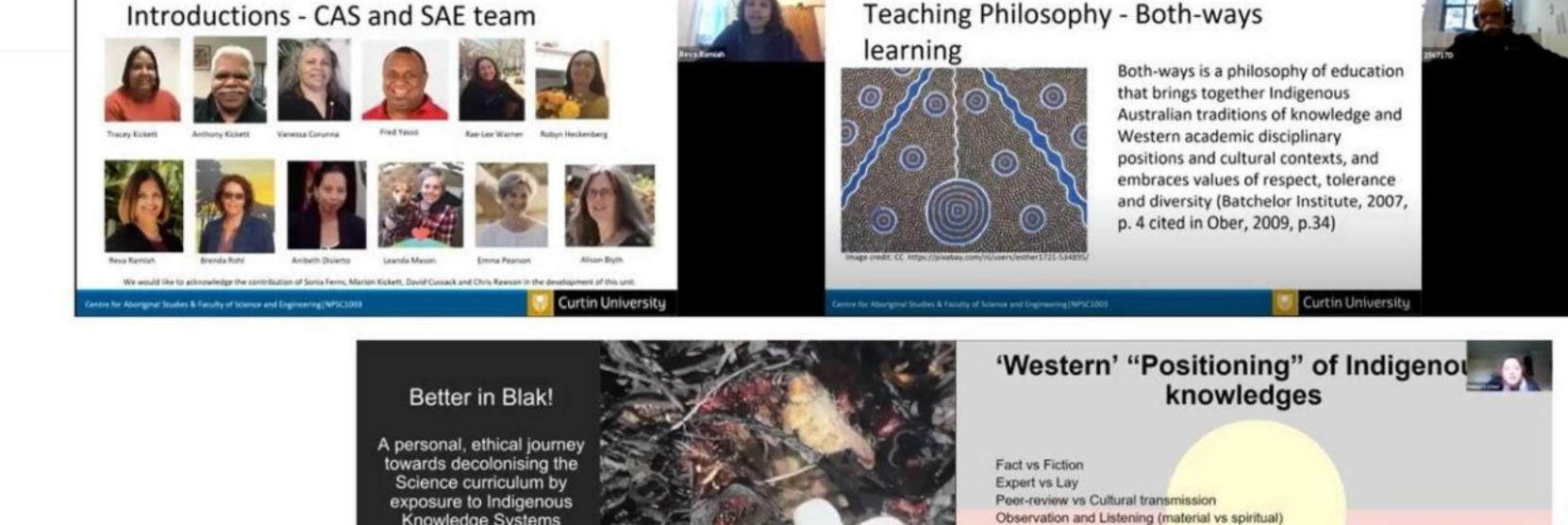
The Indigenous Science Community of Practice (CoP) supported by the ACDS is gathering momentum. This CoP grew out of the ... Continue

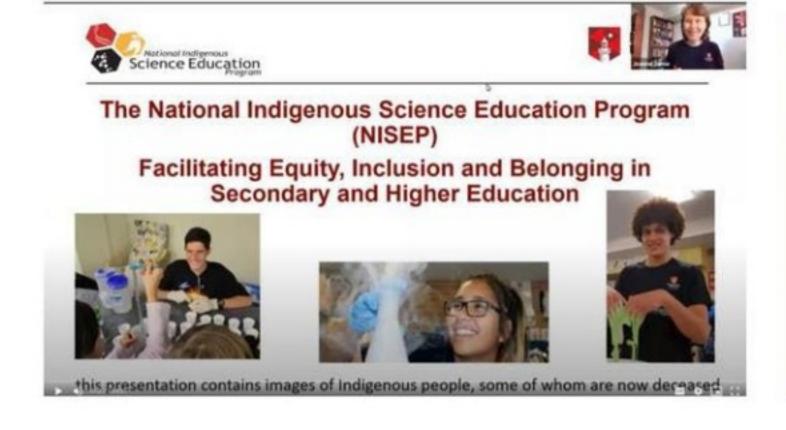
Reading»

Indigenous science as a core subject - Curtin Uni

A journey to decolonise science curricula - USyd

Community and schools partnership – Macquarie Uni





Knowledge Systems

Dr Matt Pye,

Dr Rebecca Cross. Dr Fran van den Berg

Introductions - CAS and SAE team

#### Coming up...

Co-designing a subject with an Indigenous Community: A framework for Indigenous health curricula

In situ vs removed from place

The Myth of Aboriginal Stories being Myths – Jacinta Koolmatrie

## What is your Faculty currently doing to address Indigenous inclusion and reconciliation?





## What is your Faculty's #1 priority for Indigenous inclusion and reconciliation over the next 12 months?

Better inclusion of Indigenous perspectives in the curriculum

Further including indigenous knowledge systems throughout the curricula

Developing practical examples for inclusion in the curriculum.

Embedding indigenous perspectives in research and teaching

Key aspect in our faculty strategic plan and the university regarding inclusion and retention improvements

More indigenous knowledge and practice embedded in the curriculum. More academics on staff through our indigenous academic pathway program

include indigenous into LO of as many units as possible.

Develop a course in Indigenous Environmental Science and embed in Science programs

Increasing Indigenous student participation and increasing workforce



## What is your Faculty's #1 priority for Indigenous inclusion and reconciliation over the next 12 months?

Developing a cultural competency strategy.

Developing content for curriculum - concern that we do not yet have appropriate guidelines to support cultural IP

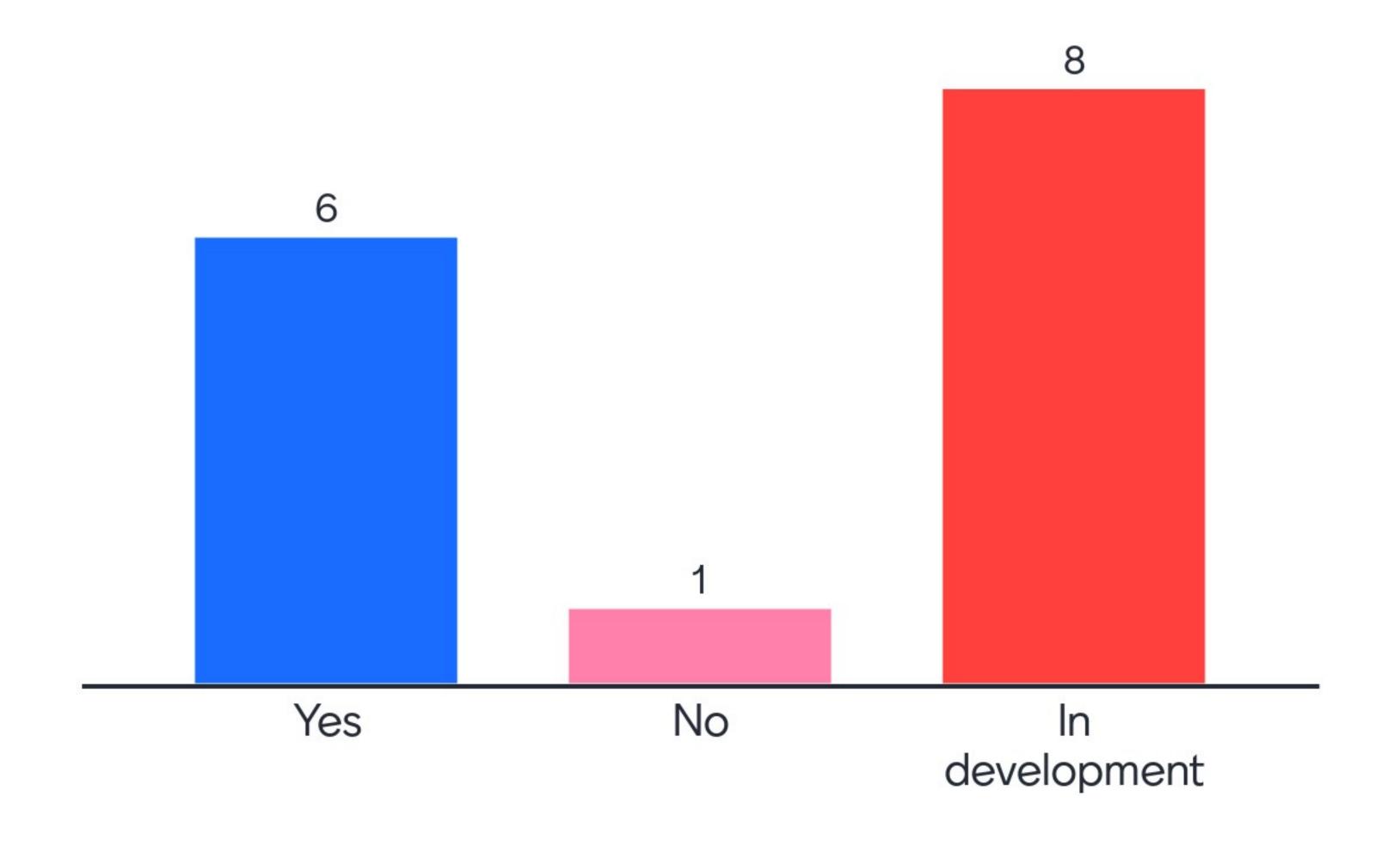
Growing indigenous student inclusion in research activities.

Yes

Working with TOs and TOCs about sharing knowledge of land management and care through both ways learning framework

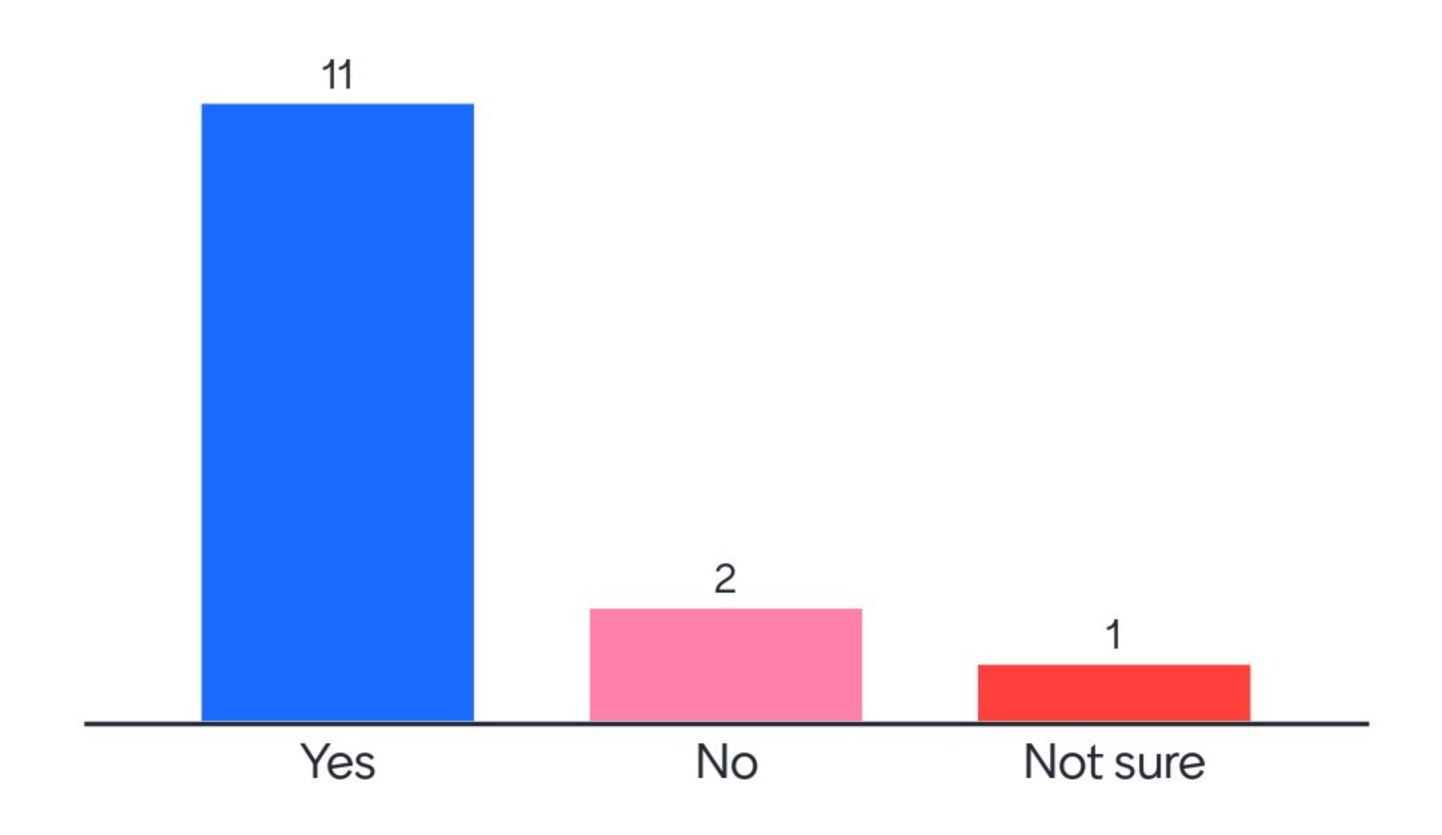


# Do you have a formal Indigenous strategic development plan in place for your Faculty?





If you have a strategic plan, does it have metrics in place specifically for the education of non-Indigenous science students?





# What do you envisage our national CoP could address? What outcomes could you see coming from this group?

Sharing ideas

Really important to share practice (avoid reinventing the wheel and ensure that we do this well)

IP awareness and solutions

I really like the non-judgemental forums for asking difficult questions.

Best practice strategies for embedding indigenous knowledge and practice in a science curriculum

sharing resources

reconciliation of ideas and perceptions. What I thought was the right way (e.g. integration) was totally rejected by my indiginous colleague.



## Questions?



### Thanks for your attention. Questions welcome...

O questions
O upvotes